

smartFHE: Privacy-Preserving Smart Contracts from Fully Homomorphic Encryption

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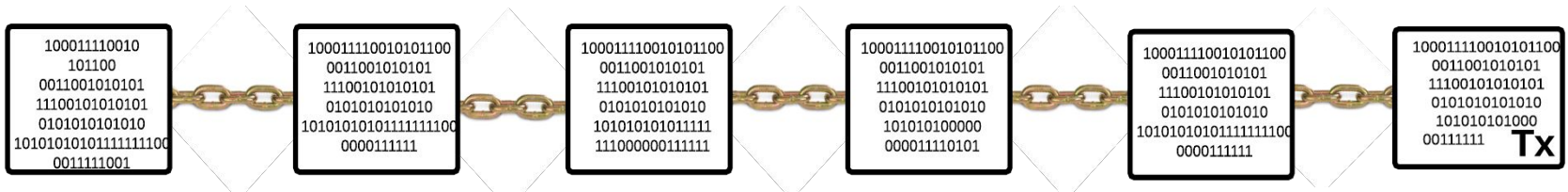
EuroS&P 2023

Big Dreams ...

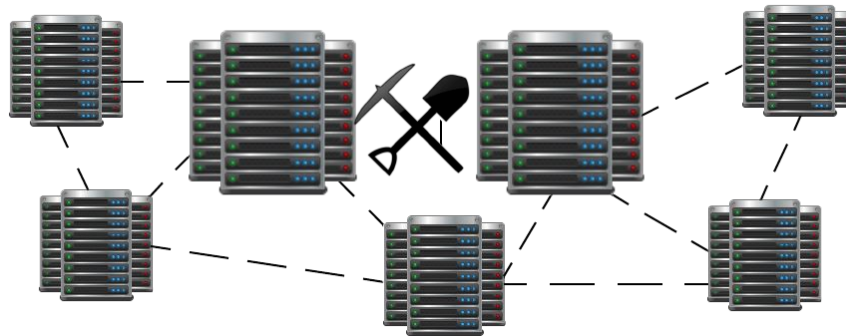


Bitcoin 2009

Blockchain



Miners



Tx addr1 pays addr2 0.005 BTC



Limited functionality

*Is it all about currency
transfer guarded by simple
scripts??!!!*

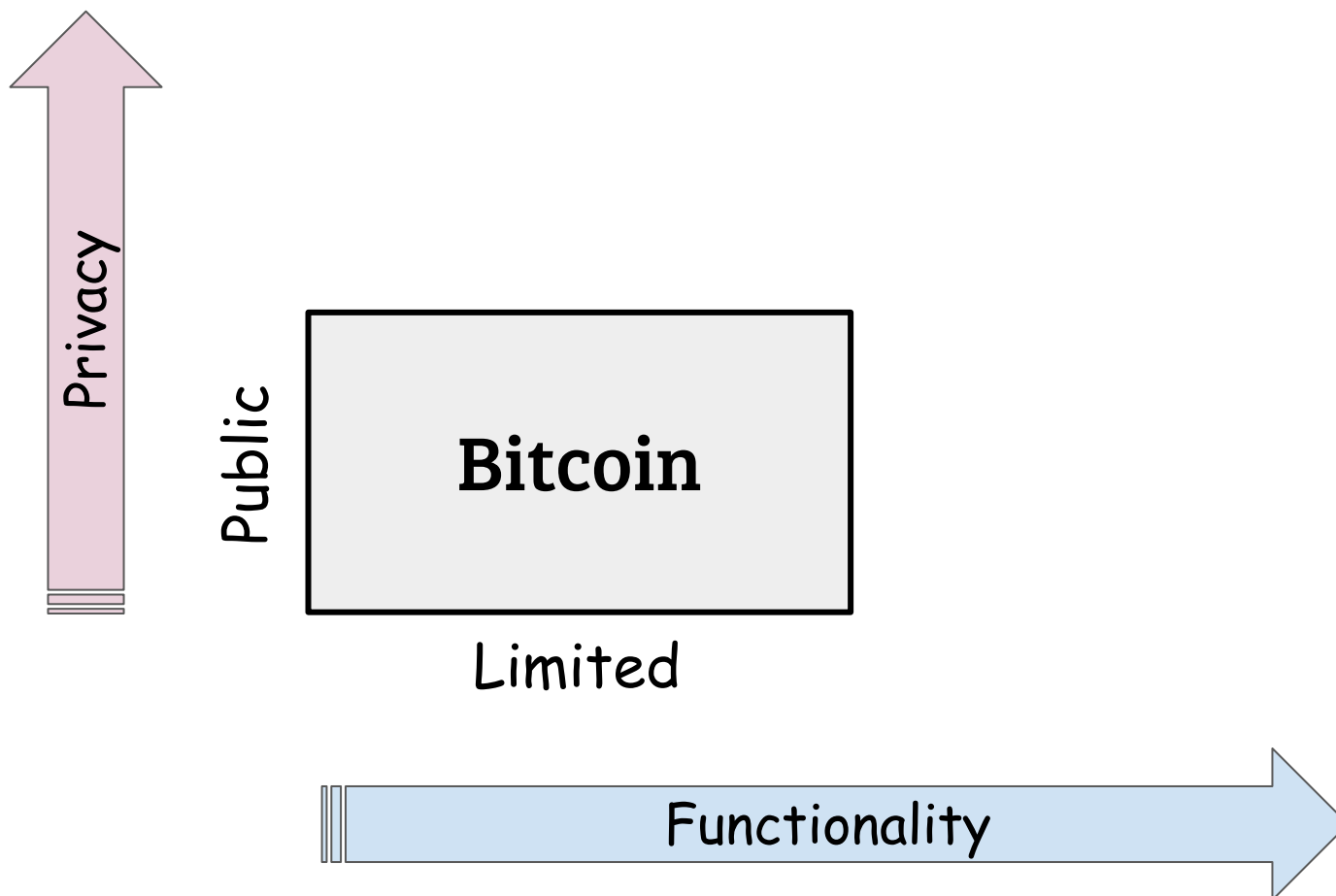


No privacy

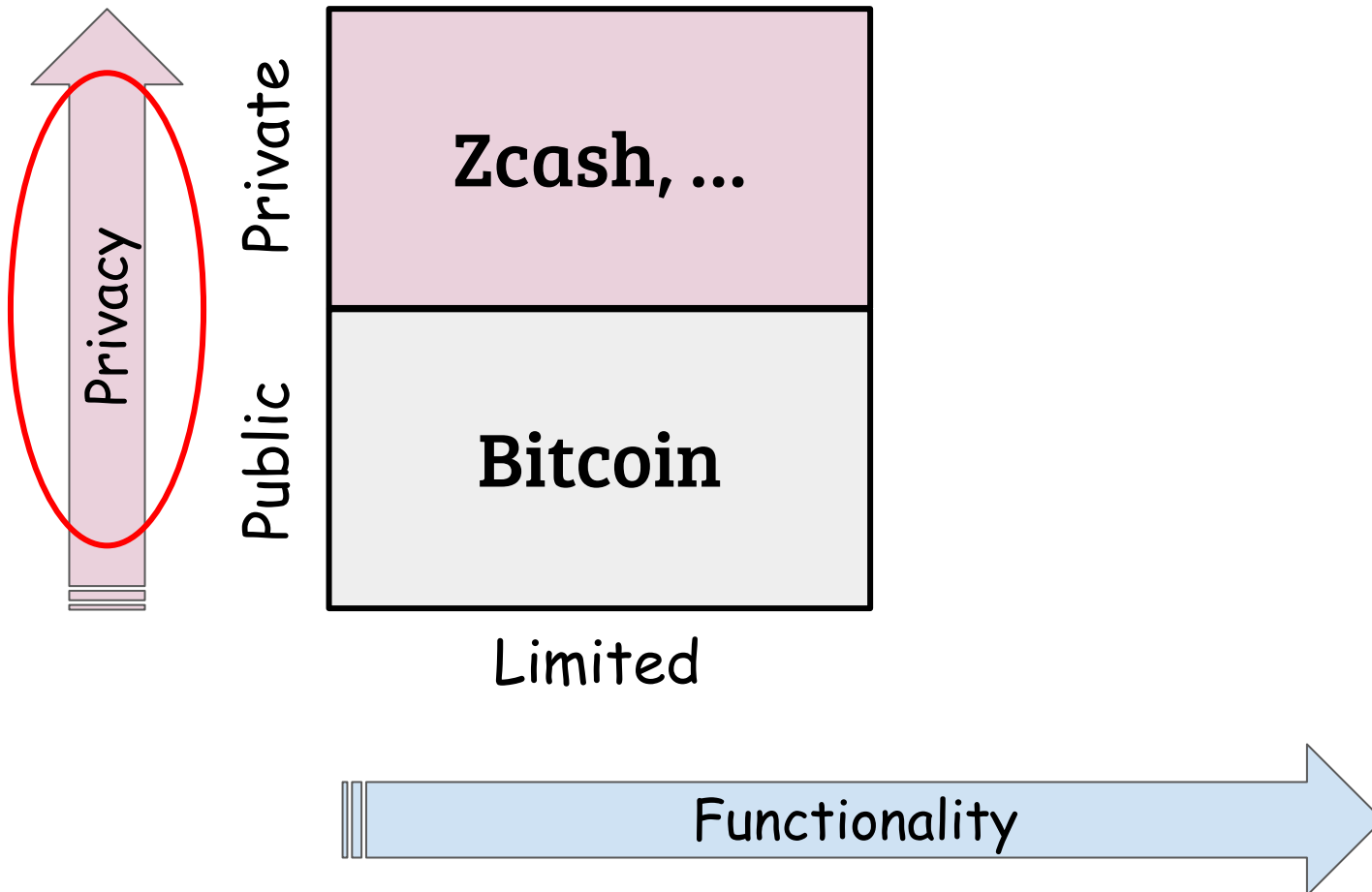
*My activities can be
tracked??!!!*



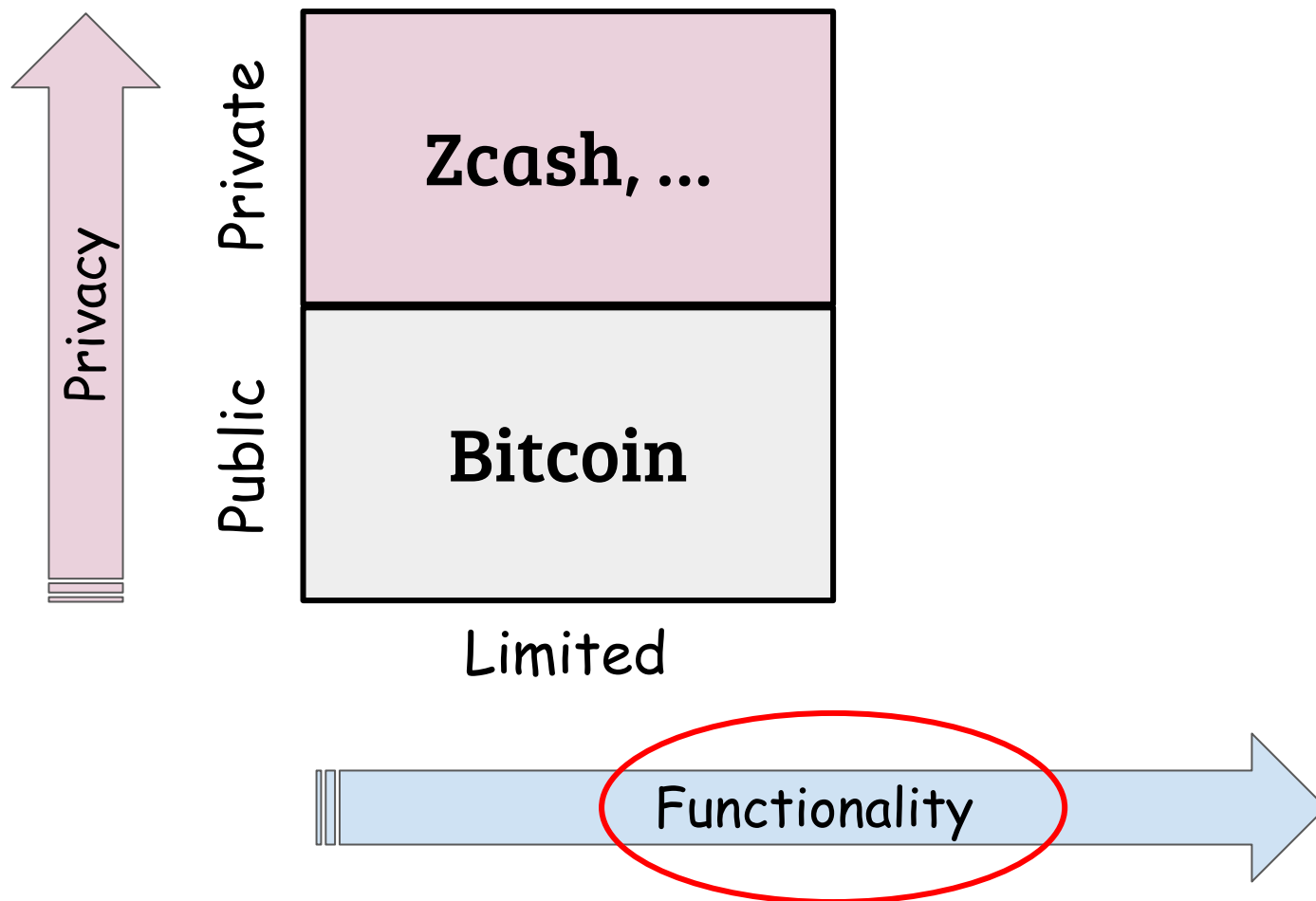
Solutions Went Different Directions



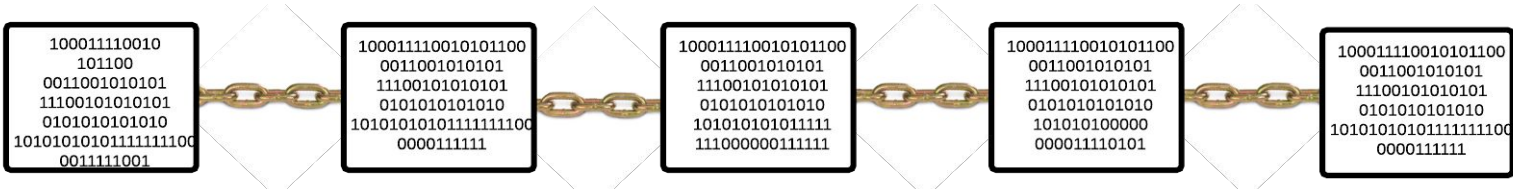
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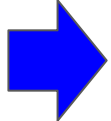
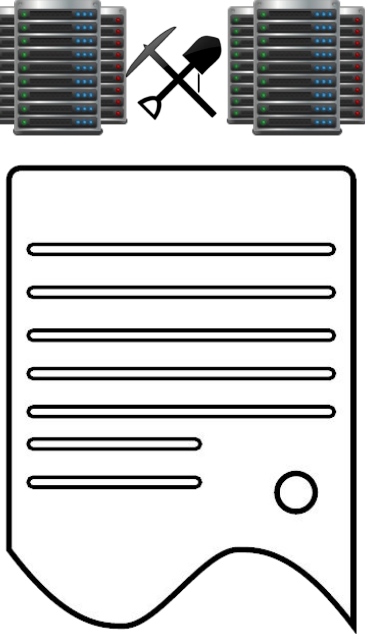
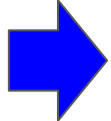
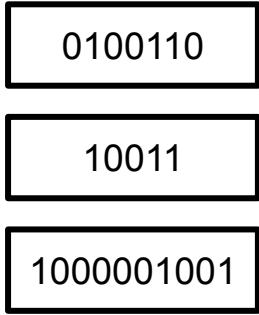
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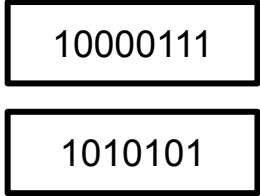
Ethereum was Born in 2015



Public Inputs

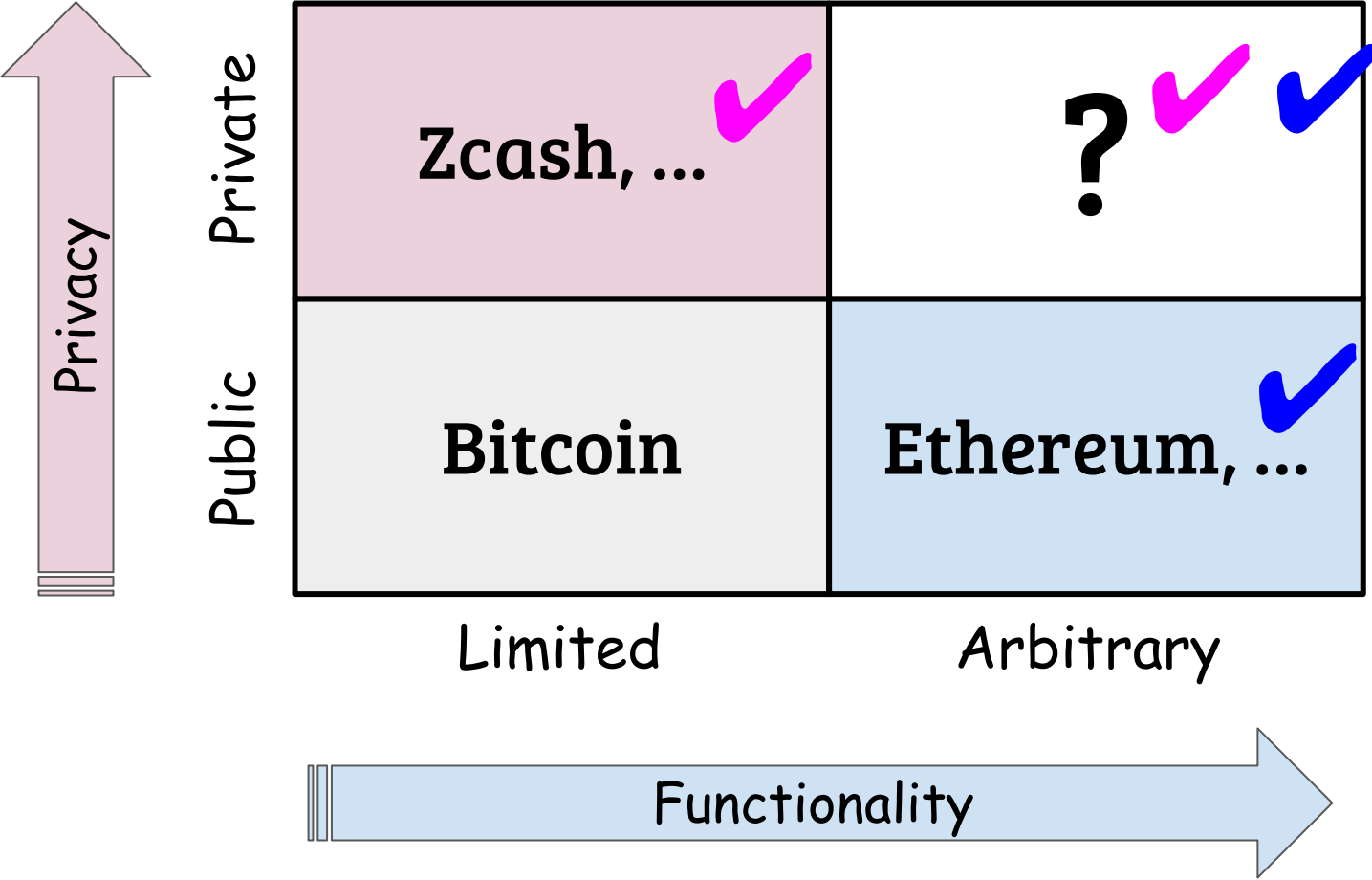


Public Outputs



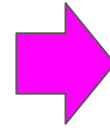
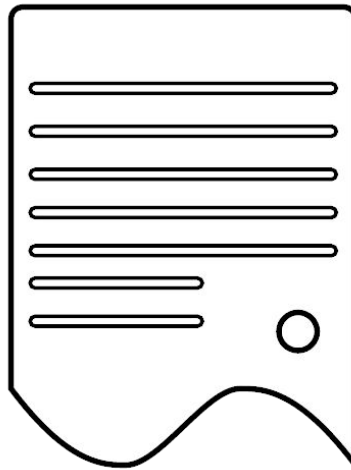
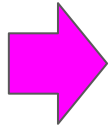
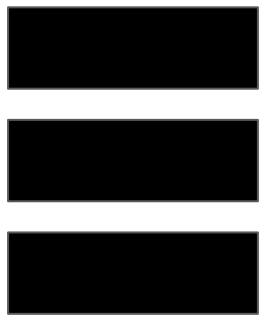
Smart Contracts

Bigger Dreams ...



Privacy-preserving Smart Contracts?

Private Inputs



Private Outputs



More Initiatives

Zether

Hawk

Kachina

Zexe

Ekiden

Zkay

Arbitrum

More Initiatives, But ...

Zether

Hawk

Kachina

Zexe

Ekiden

Zkay

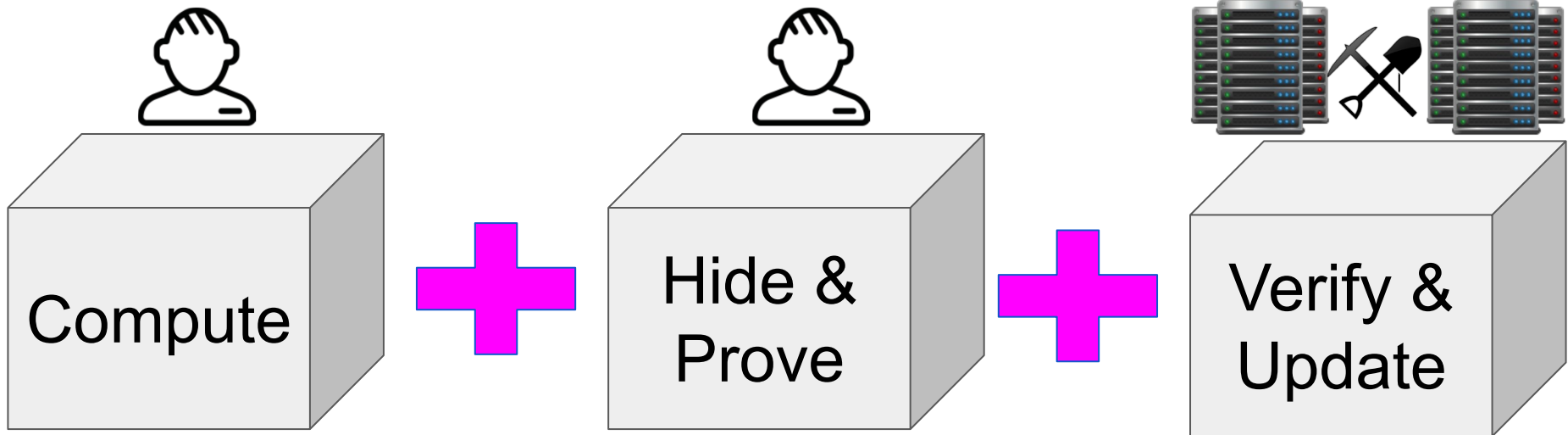
Arbitrum

Limited Functionality!

Overload users!

ZKP-based Approach (Not Us)

Off-chain Private Computing



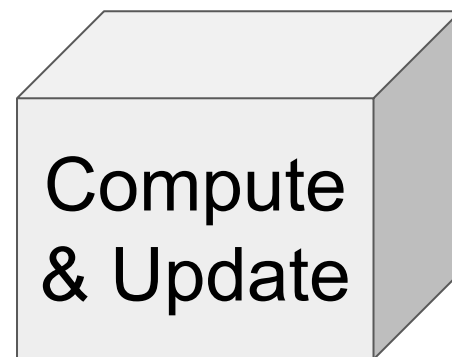
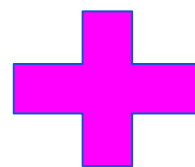
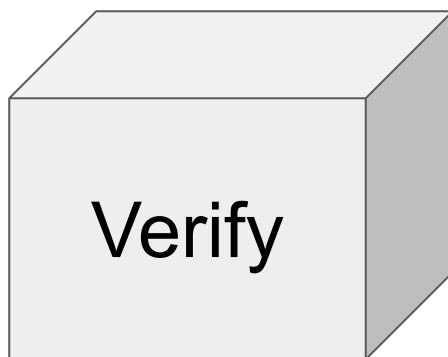
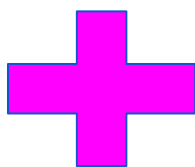
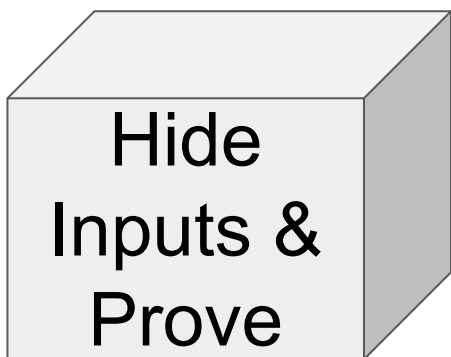
Zero Knowledge Proofs (ZKPs)

Not suited for lightweight users



Our Goal

On-chain Private Computing



**Fully Homomorphic Encryption (FHE) +
Zero Knowledge Proof (ZKPs)**

Contributions

A formal notion for privacy-preserving smart contracts (PPSCs) capturing arbitrary computation with I/O privacy.

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A formal notion for privacy-preserving smart contracts (PPSCs) capturing arbitrary computation with I/O privacy.

smartFHE framework: the first scheme to use FHE in the blockchain model!

smartFHE instantiation.

Formal security proofs and implementation/benchmarks
- The first library for short-discrete log proofs

smartFHE Framework

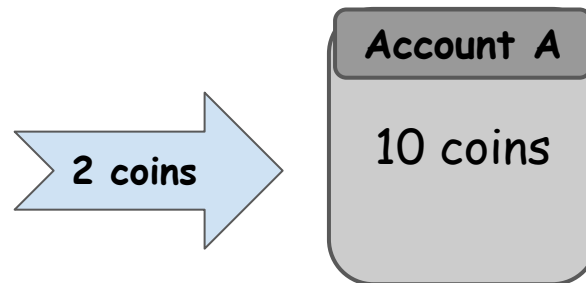
- Privacy extensions for a public smart contract-enabled blockchain, e.g., Ethereum
- Flexible and modular.
- Supports:
 - Private and public payments
 - Private and public smart contracts
- A user can have public and private accounts

smartFHE Framework

- **Network protocol operations:**
 - Private accounts: FHE keypairs and signature keypairs. Encrypted balance.
 - Private payments:
 - `Shield`
 - `PrivTransfer`
 - `Deshield`
 - Private smart contracts: contract-dependent, translated into FHE operations.

Several Challenges

- Working with FHE
- Combining FHE with ZKP
- Concurrency



~~Pending Tx~~

smartFHE Instantiation

FHE: BFV scheme



ZKPs: Short discrete-log
proofs + Bulletproofs



Signatures: ECDSA and/or
Falcon

Implementation

- **Existing libraries:**
 - Microsoft SEAL for BFV
 - Dalek for Bulletproofs
 - OpenSSL for ECDSA
- **New library:**
 - First implementation of short-discrete log proofs with Apple Metal GPU-accelerated code.
- Benchmarks on Apple M2 Max with 64GB RAM

Results - Benchmarks

TABLE 1: Setup times (one time cost)

Performed by	Operation	$d = 1024$	$d = 2048$	$d = 4096$
User	KeyGen	0.216 ms	0.375 ms	36.5 ms
System	ZKP setup	0.8 s	2.06 s	5.7 s

TABLE 2: Private transaction costs for smartFHE’s instantiation—user side.

	Operation	Time (s)	Size (KB)
$d = 1024$	Shield($\text{tx}_{\text{shield}}$)	0.0002	0.101
	Deshield($\text{tx}_{\text{deshield}}$)	1.89	2.47
	PrivTransfer($\text{tx}_{\text{privtransf}}$)	3.57	20.03
$d = 2048$	Shield($\text{tx}_{\text{shield}}$)	0.0002	0.101
	Deshield($\text{tx}_{\text{deshield}}$)	3.58	2.53
	PrivTransfer($\text{tx}_{\text{privtransf}}$)	10.7	64.76
$d = 4096$	Shield($\text{tx}_{\text{shield}}$)	0.0002	0.101
	Deshield($\text{tx}_{\text{deshield}}$)	11.17	2.66
	PrivTransfer($\text{tx}_{\text{privtransf}}$)	23.89	180.1

Results - Benchmarks

TABLE 3: Private transaction costs for smartFHE’s instantiation—miner side.

	Operation	Time (s)
$d = 1024$	VerifyShield	0.00017
	VerifyDeshield	0.92
	VerifyPrivTransfer	1.95
$d = 2048$	VerifyShield	0.00017
	VerifyDeshield	1.92
	VerifyPrivTransfer	6.37
$d = 4096$	VerifyShield	0.00017
	VerifyDeshield	6.42
	VerifyPrivTransfer	14.77

Results - Comparison

TABLE 4: Base private transaction costs for Veri-zexe.

no. of inputs × no. of outputs	User genera- tion time (s)	Miner verifica- tion time (ms)	Size (KB)
2 × 2	27.82	13.21	4.82
3 × 3	54.9	13.14	4.88
4 × 4	59	13.15	4.95
8 × 8	121	13.15	5.2

smarHE allows a user to issue payments at a rate 1.16x - 7.79x faster than Veri-zexe

Results - Applications

TABLE 5: Private smart contract application costs.

Application	Per user generation time (s)	Miner verification/computing time (s)	Size (KB) per user
AMM ($d = 2048$)	6.4	3.58	33.53
AMM ($d = 4096$)	20.88	12.64	91.4
Mean/variance ($d = 4096$)	20.89	62.9	91.45
Chi-squared ($d = 4096$)	23.89	44.39	26.95

Conclusion and Future Work

- **This work**

- A privacy-preserving smart contract framework (and instantiation) from FHE and ZKP
- Formal treatment
- Implementation/testing

- **Future work**

- Look into instantiations using other FHE/ZKP schemes
- Addressing anonymity
- Handling storage cost

Thank you!

Questions?